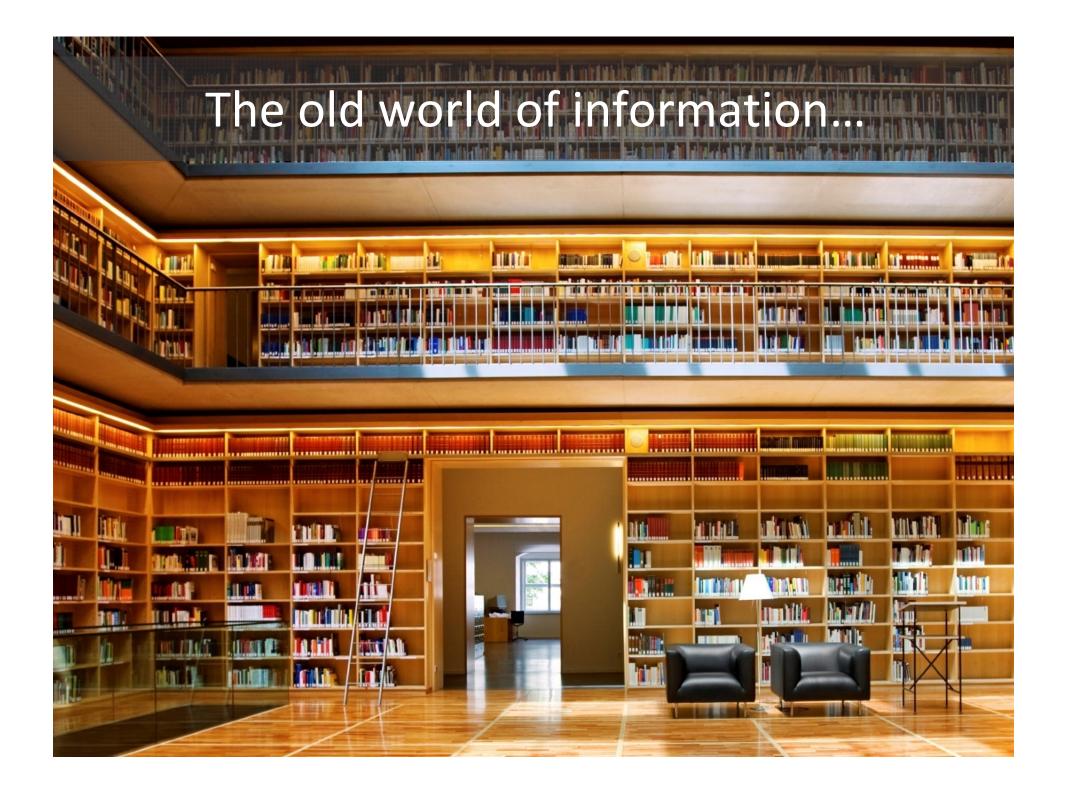
'Open Access Publishing with BioMed Central'



SpringerOpen[®]

28th April 2014 – Ankara University BioMed Central/SpringerOpen





Agenda

- Overview of open access
- Benefits of open access
- Open access at Springer
- Open access at Ankara University







Two routes to open access (OA)

Green Open Access Route

- Self-archiving of accepted author version publication in a repository
- Embargo periods may apply
- An estimated 12% of all scholarly articles are available through some form of 'Green' OA



Gold Open Access Route

Completely OA journals and OA option within subscription journals



- OA content is available to everyone everywhere in exchange for an article processing charge
- Eliminates restrictive barriers (license restrictions)





Open access publishing

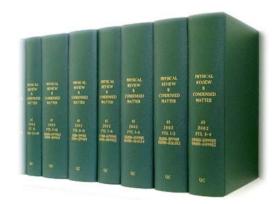
Different business model.....

- no subscription barriers
- universal access
- research is openly licensed to allow reuse



Same quality and standards

- Editors in chief
- Editorial boards
- Peer review
- Indexing
- Impact Factors







Why Open Access?

- Breaks down barriers between disciplines
- Promotes public engagement with scientific and medical research
- Creates an open global forum for scientific communication
- For researchers:
- Very high visibility
- Widely indexed
- No barriers to dissemination (also social sharing) and access to research
- Higher citations



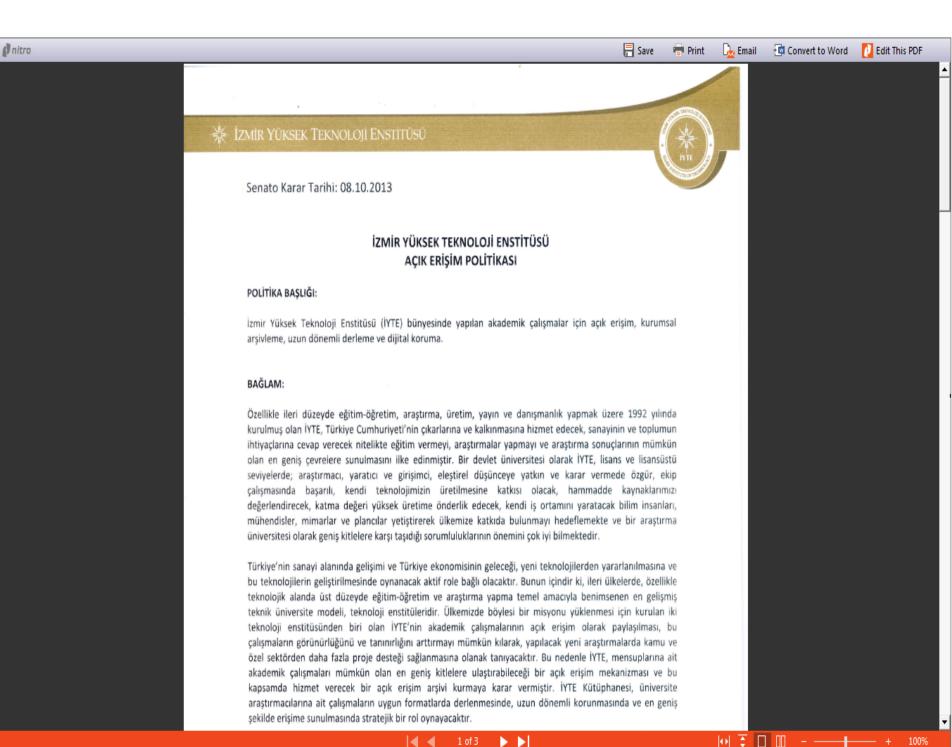


Open Access Today

- Open access to research mandatory in 200+ institutions and by 80 funders in 47 countries
- 3,375 repositories in 101 countries
- Over 10,000 open access journals in the DOAJ
- 1,594,028 articles published in OA journals
- Almost 1000 open access journals now have an Impact factor
- 8.5% of peer reviewed articles now published in fully open access form*

*Study of open access – Bo Christer Bjork, PLOS One

(source ROARMAP, ROAR & DOAJ at March 1, 2013)



DSpace Home Türkçe English

DSpace Repository

Dspace@IZTECH showcases and preserves the scholarly work of anyone affiliated with Izmir Institute of Technology (faculty, staff, students or groups and organizations) established by the Library to support the dissemination of knowledge by the University community to the wider community locally and globally. Whenever possible, the outputs available from Dspace@IZTECH can be downloaded or viewed online, free of charge. This ensures the widest possible dissemination for the outputs of IZTECH researchers and contributes to the growing body of research literature that is now freely available online. The repository software used for Dspace@IZTECH is using is called Dspace, an open source software originally developed by MIT in the USA. Please contact the Dspace@IZTECH coordinator with any questions.

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The Changing Landscape of OA Publishing

2000 2013























OXFORD OPEN

















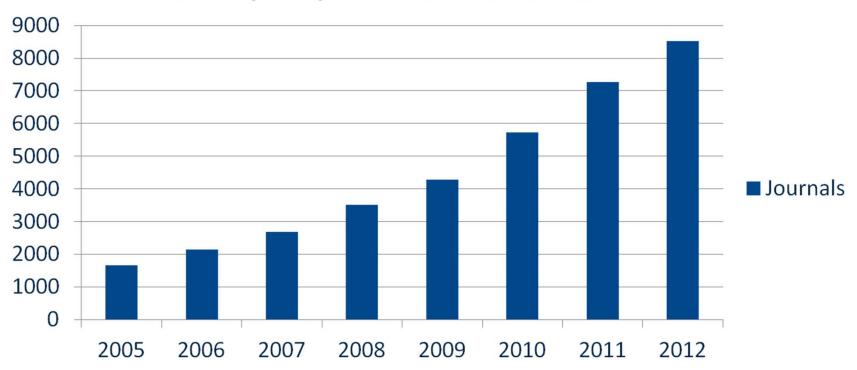






Overall open access market growth: fully open access journals

Directory of Open Access Journals 2005 to 2012

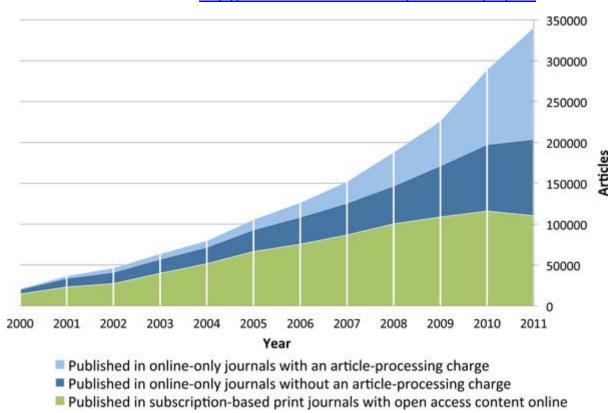






Growth of OA articles

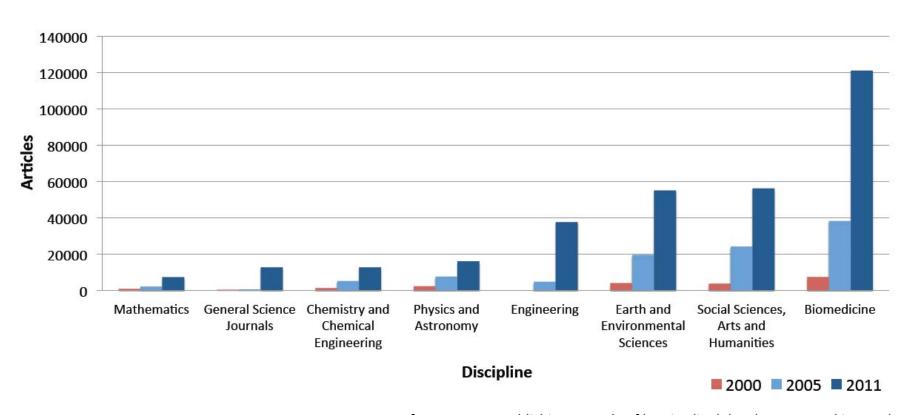
Laakso and Björk BMC Medicine 2012 10:124 http://www.biomedcentral.com/1741-7015/10/124







Across all subject areas

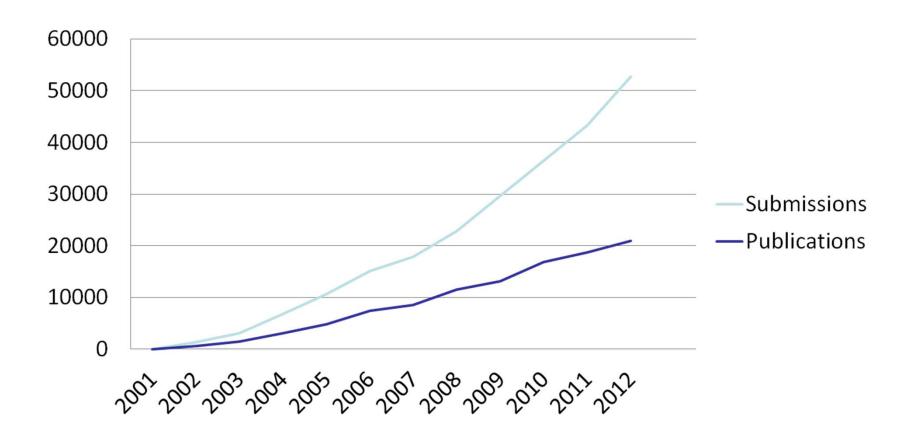


Anatomy of open access publishing: a study of longitudinal development and internal structure, Mikael Laakso and Bo-Christer Björk, *BMC Medicine*, 2012, 10: 124





Growth in Submissions and Publications







Agenda

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Benefits of open access

- for readers
- for authors and research funders
- for editors/journal owners (societies)





Readers - academics and lay persons (patient education!)

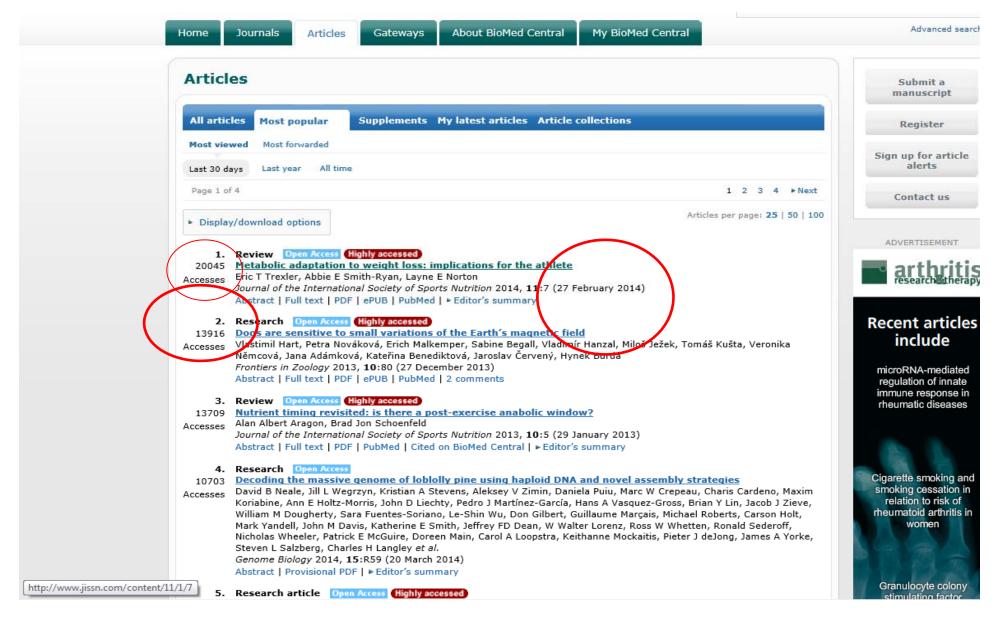
"I will be seeing a doctor who is new to me..... I have a lesion in my shoulder that is causing a lot of pain. I read and copied both the publications on surgical and pain management. They are precise and informative. I believe these articles will prove to be invaluable for all of us as we seek proper care for this disease."

Reader of Orphanet Journal of Rare Diseases





Authors, funders, and universities: visibility







Visibility for BioMed Central authors

- 20 million page views a month
- 4 million user sessions per month
- Over 1 million registered users
- Over 400,000 recipients to fortnightly BioMed Central newsletter
- 13,000 new registrants a month
- Springer platform (16,000 customers, 13 million users)





Editors/journal owners...

- More and more journals transfer to OA publication
- Wider dissemination and more international reach
- Increase in number and quality of submissions
- Improvement of bibliometric performance / impact factor
- Increasing demand from authors within mandating institutions/funding bodies
- APCs can be lower than colour or page charges in subscription journals





Editor's quote

"Acta Veterinaria Scandinavica moved to BioMed Central in 2006, along with its Impact Factor. As an effect of the much improved visibility of the journal's content we have seen a significant rise in submissions, often from countries where researchers would not have considered publishing with us in the past."

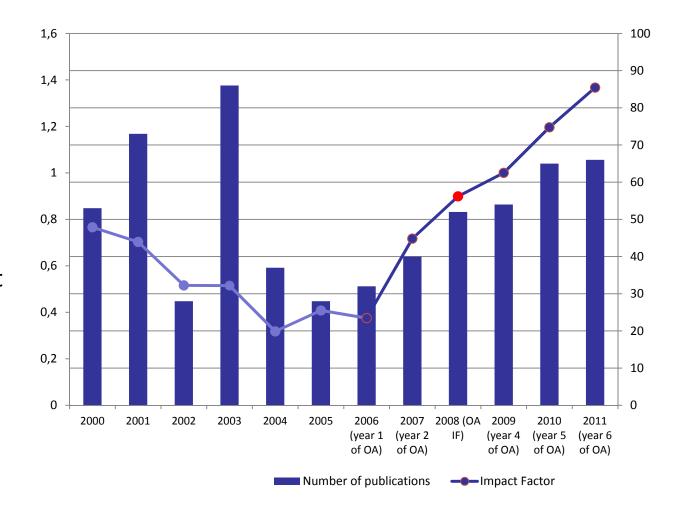
Mats Forsberg, Editor-in-Chief (2005 – 2012)





Case study 1: Acta Veterinaria Scandinavica

- Fifty year old journal
- Transferred 2006
- Impact Factor has increased more than 3x due to open access effect

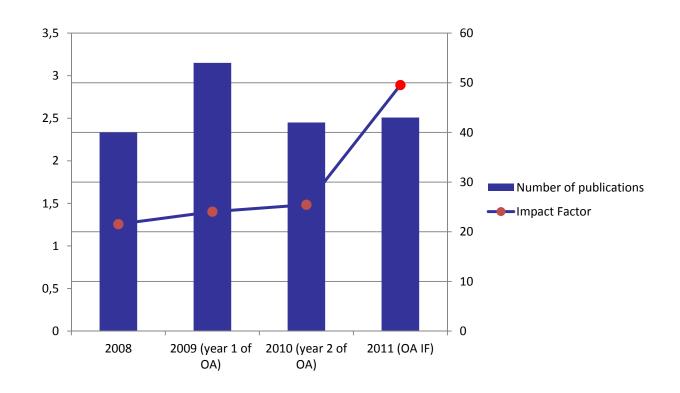






Case Study 2: Genetics Selection Evolution

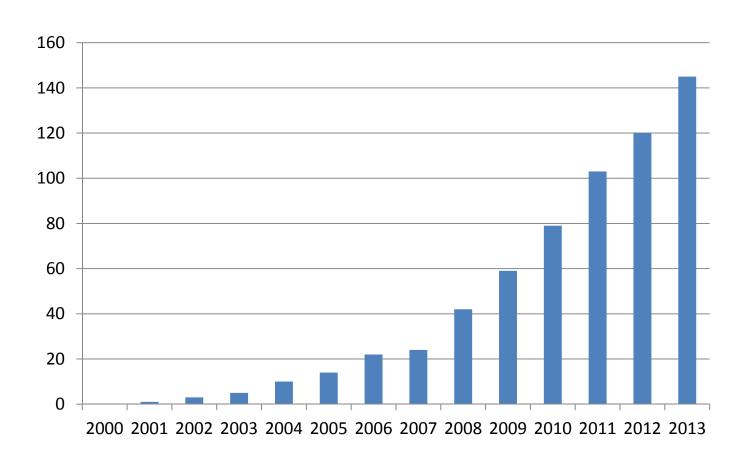
- Now in its 45th volume
- Moved to open access in 2009
- Impact Factor has doubled since then







BioMed Central Impact Factors







BioMed Central Impact Factors

Genome Biology	10.3
BMC Biology	6.53
BMC Genomics	4.40
BMC Medicine	6.68
BMC Public Health	2.08
Breast Cancer Research	5.87
Critical Care	4.72
Stem Cell Research & Therapy	3.65
BMC Plant Biology	4.65
Journal of Translational Medicine	3.46
Malaria Journal	3.40
Parasites & Vectors	3.25
Arthritis Research & Therapy	4.30
Retrovirology	6.47





Agenda

- Overview of open access today
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Open Access publishing at Springer

Author Rights / Green route

 Self-archiving of author's accepted version

Hybrid open access

- Springer Open Choice
- Creative Commons

'Full' OA







- Books (NEW!)
- Creative Commons

Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license for journal articles
Creative Commons Attribution Non-Commercial (CC BY-NC) license for books





BioMed Central

- Launched first open access journal in 2000
- Now publishes 260+ OA titles
- Over 140,000 peer-reviewed OA articles published
- More than 10 million article downloads per month
- Creative Commons
- Costs covered by 'article processing charge' (APC)
- Became part of Springer in 2008
- SpringerOpen





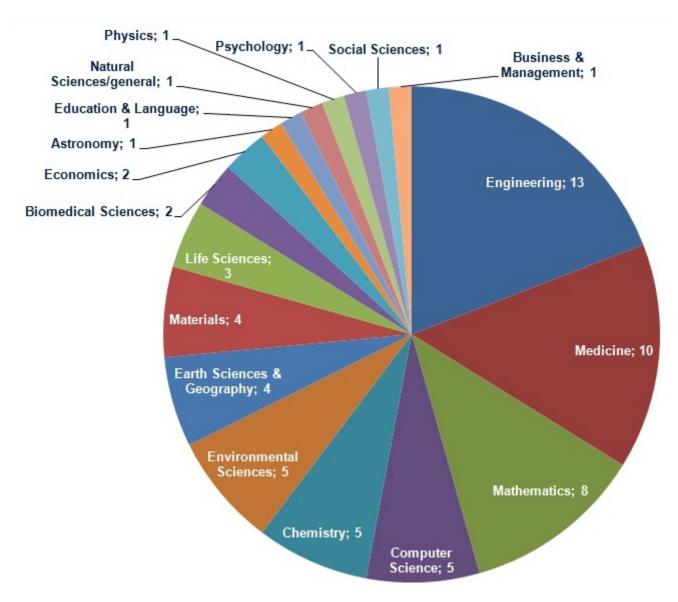
Springer Open ••

- Open access journals covering all disciplines
- Creative Commons
- 127 journals already, 15 already have impact factors
- Administered by BioMed Central





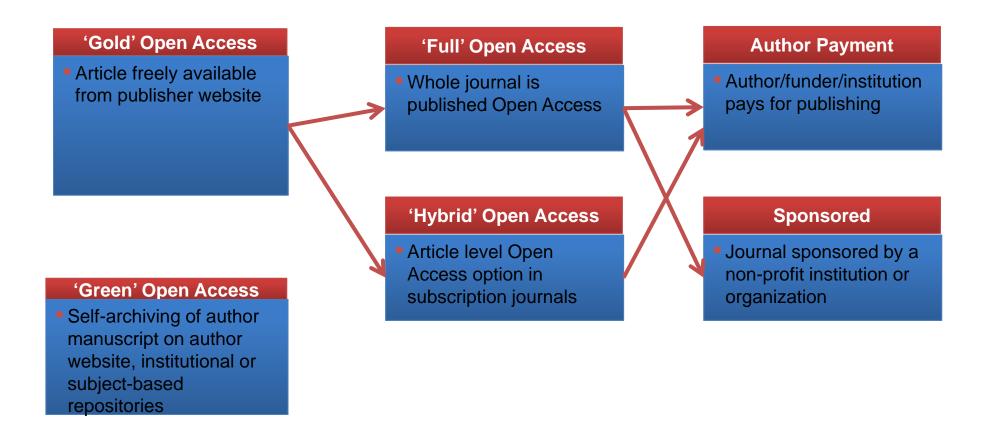
SpringerOpen subject fields







Models of Open Access Publishing







The business model

- No subscription revenue
- Small amount of revenue from reprints and advertising.
- Revenue from APCs payable on editorial acceptance of articles
- APCs paid from..
 - research grants
 - by research funders
 - universities
 - societies
 - governmental agencies
 - charities
- Membership...





Article-processing charges

The article-processing charge covers:

- **Editorial**: handling of manuscripts
- Technical: development, maintenance and operation of online journal platforms and manuscript handling systems
- Production: Formatting and mark up of articles, inclusion in indexing services
- Marketing: Making sure readers and authors know about the journal
- **Customer service:** Responding to authors/readers

No extra charge for inclusion of colour figures, videos/animations or large data sets (no limits on article length)





BioMed Central and SpringerOpen Institutional Agreements

Prepay Agreement

- Organisation covers the article cost (APC) for their researchers by deposit
- No membership fee
- Researchers do not pay anything
- Discount on the APC for institution
- Deposit available without time limits

Shared Support Agreement

- Cost shared equally between institution and researcher
- No membership fee
- Additional discount on APC's for researchers
- Deposit available without time limits

Supporter Agreement

- Organisation does not cover the APC for the researchers
- Annual membership fee for institution
- 15% discount on APC's researchers pay less

For all agreement types:

- Automated article feeds
- Institutional Members Page
- Marketing and PR support
- Automatic IP recognition or submission by code



Home

Journals

Articles

Gateways

About BioMed Central

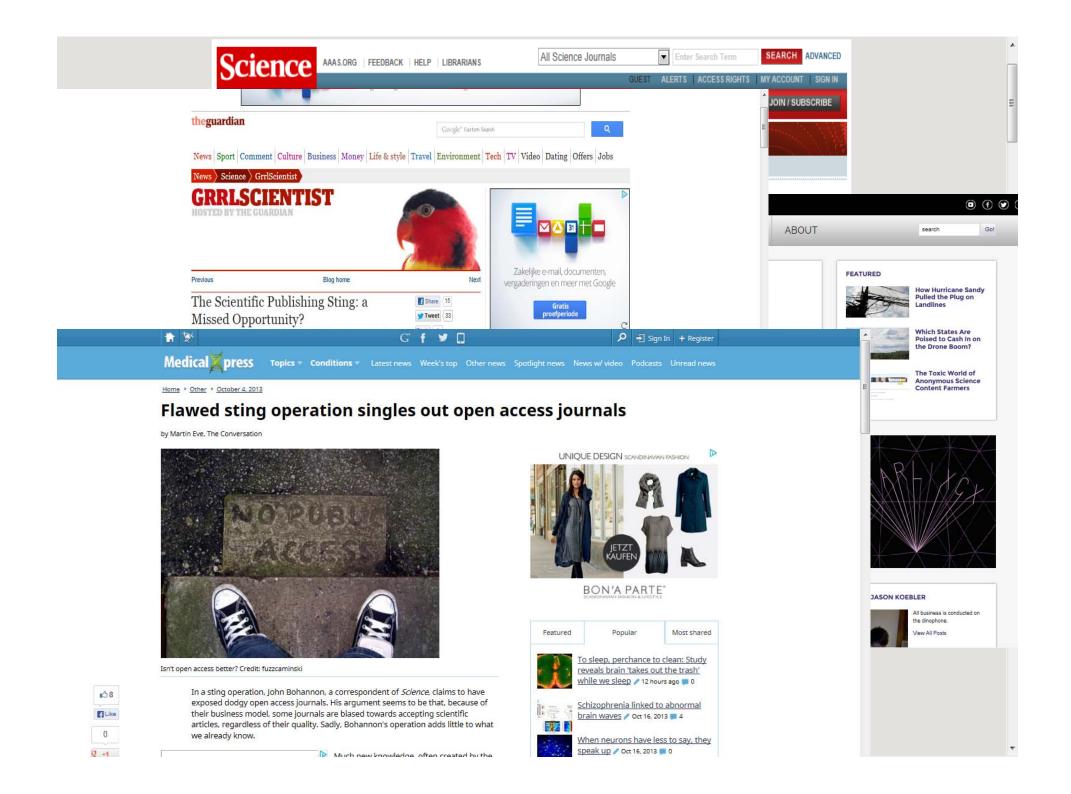
My BioMed Central

Members

BioMed Central now has 469 Members in 52 countries. Browse our Members and their pages by country below, or search for a particular organization using the search box on the right. Each Member's page lists the articles published by its authors in a BioMed Central, Chemistry Central and SpringerOpen journal.

Further information on all Membership types can be found here.

Australia (21)	Finland (6)	Lebanon (1)	Romania (1)
Austria (6)	France (7)	Lithuania (2)	South Africa (6)
Belgium (3)	Germany (51)	Luxembourg (1)	Spain (13)
Benin (1)	Ghana (3)	Madagascar (1)	Sri Lanka (2)
Brazil (4)	Greece (1)	Malaysia (4)	Sweden (9)
Burkina Faso (1)	Hong Kong (2)	Mexico (1)	Switzerland (12)
Canada (26)	Hungary (1)	Morocco (2)	Taiwan (3)
Central African Republic (1)	India (8)	Netherlands (11)	Tanzania (3)
China (3)	Ireland (1)	New Zealand (1)	Thailand (1)
Cyprus (3)	Israel (1)	Nigeria (2)	Trinidad and Tobago (1)
Czech Republic (1)	Italy (16)	Norway (4)	Uganda (1)
Denmark (2)	Kenya (3)	Poland (2)	United Kingdom (49)
Ethiopia (1)	Korea, South (2)	Portugal (1)	United States of America (160)







What happened?

- Versions of a fake science paper submitted to 304 Open Access journals, claiming miracle cure for cancer had been found
- Papers include very serious mistakes; experiments are obviously flawed and therefore meaningless
- Of 304 journals..
 - 255 said that they would review the study
 - 157 journals accepted the paper to be published.





What does this mean?

- Bad news for Open Access?
 The study did not include any non-OA journals
 Where is the fair comparison??
- Peer Review system is flawed
- It's the ethics of the publisher / journal, not the business model that determines quality and sound publishing and peer review
- BioMed Central, Plos and Hindawi rejected the paper
- Remember to please be aware of....







Predatory Open Access Publishers

Beall's List: Potential, possible, or probable predatory scholarly open-access publishers

- Ethical standards established by membership organisations such as OASPA (Open Access Scholarly Publishers Association) or COPE
- Editor and staff
- Business management
- Integrity





.... predatory publishers







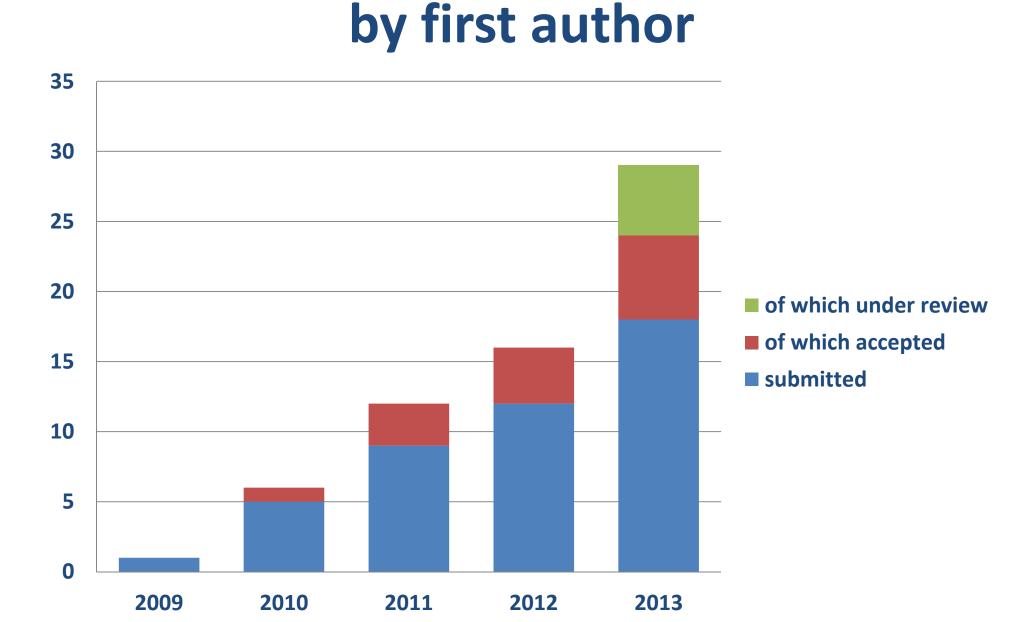
Agenda

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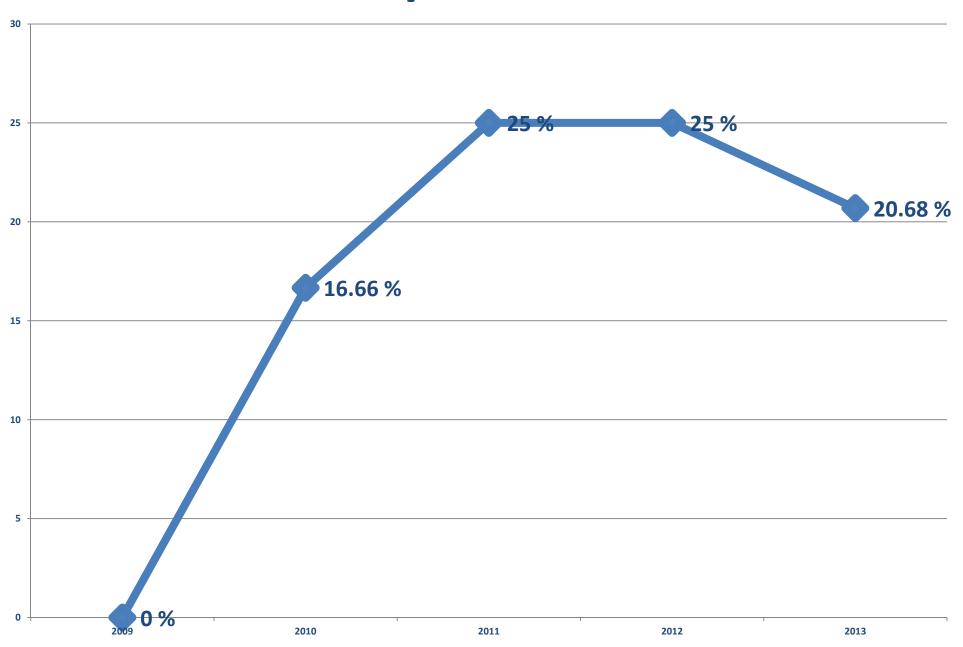




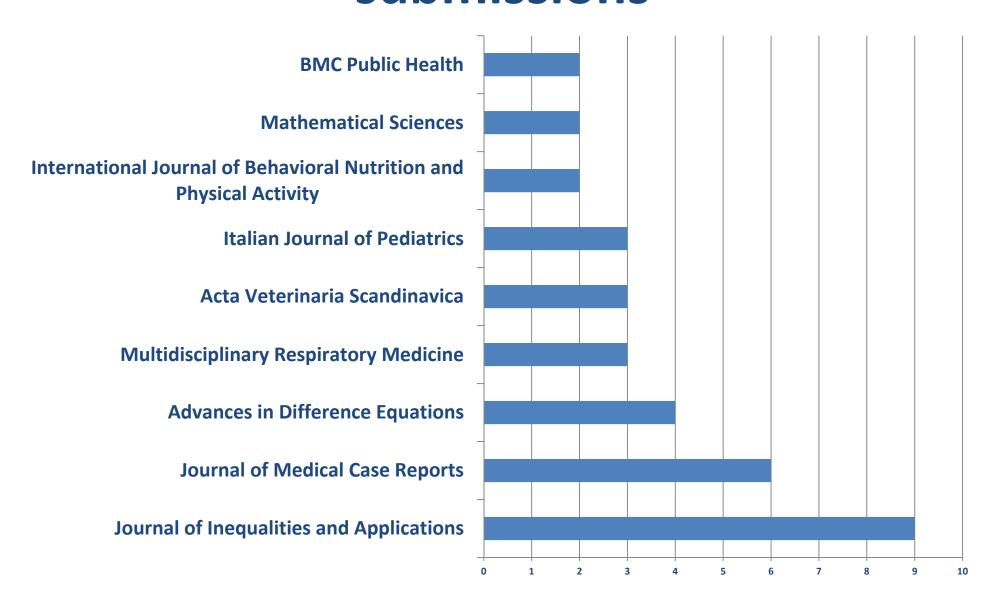


BioMed Central Acceptance rate The Open Access Publisher Acceptance



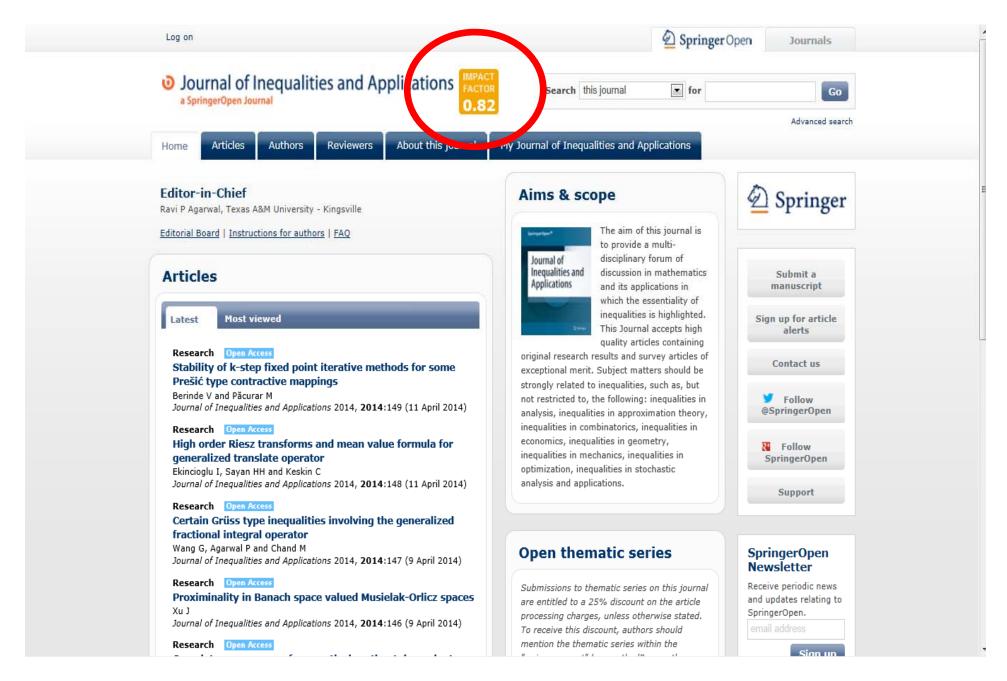


Most popular journals for Springer submissions

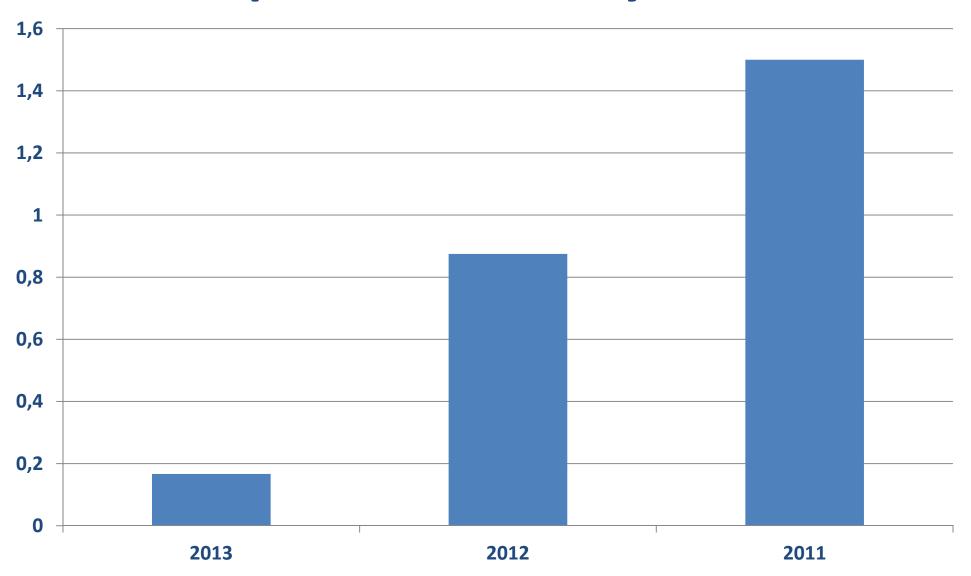








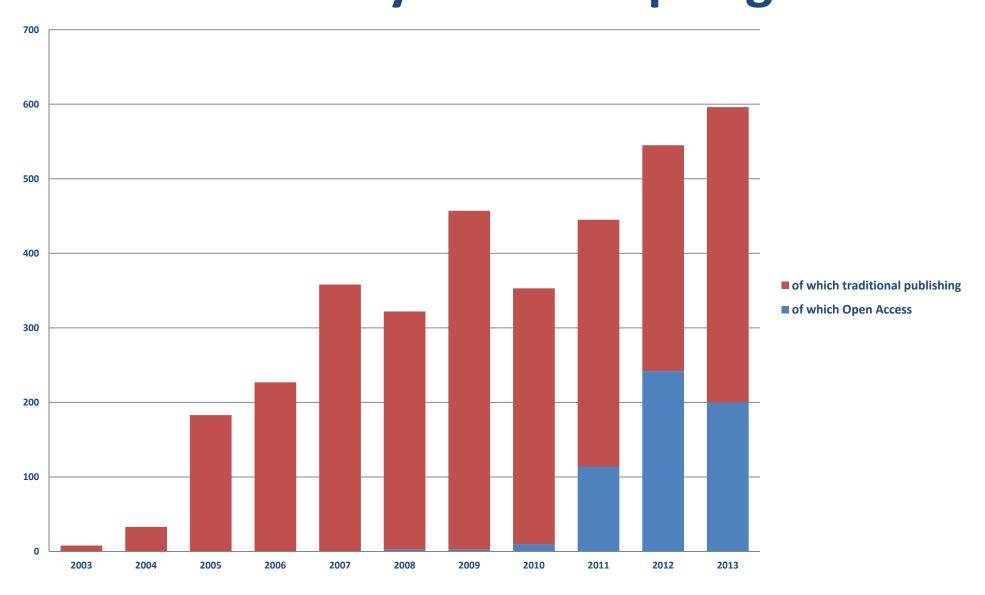
Average citations for articles Springer published each year





Publications from Ankara **University in all of Springer**

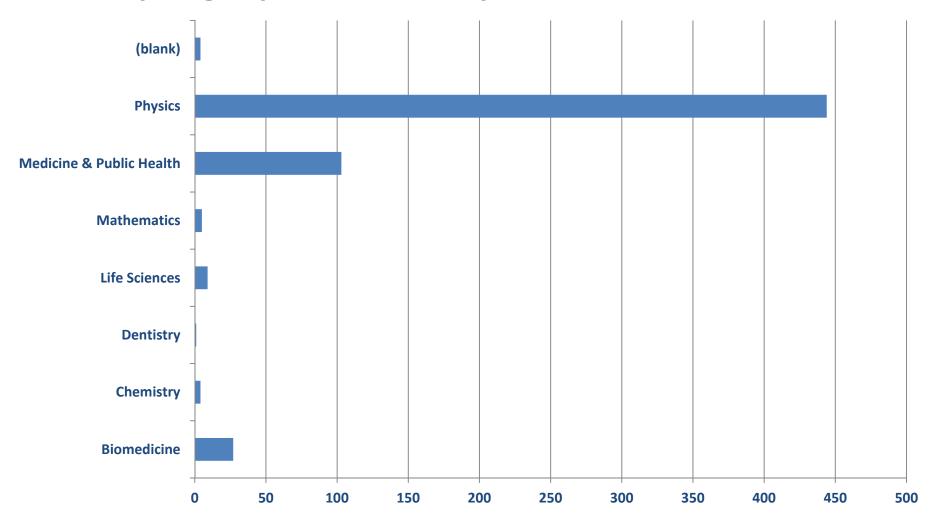


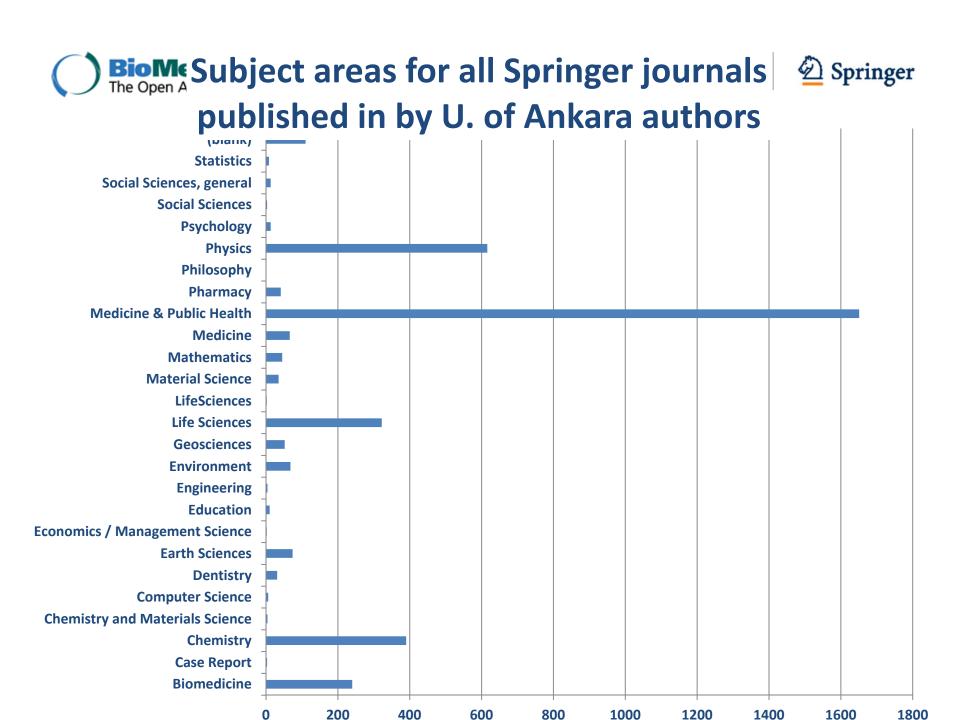






Subject areas for Open Access journals at Springer published in by U. of Ankara authors

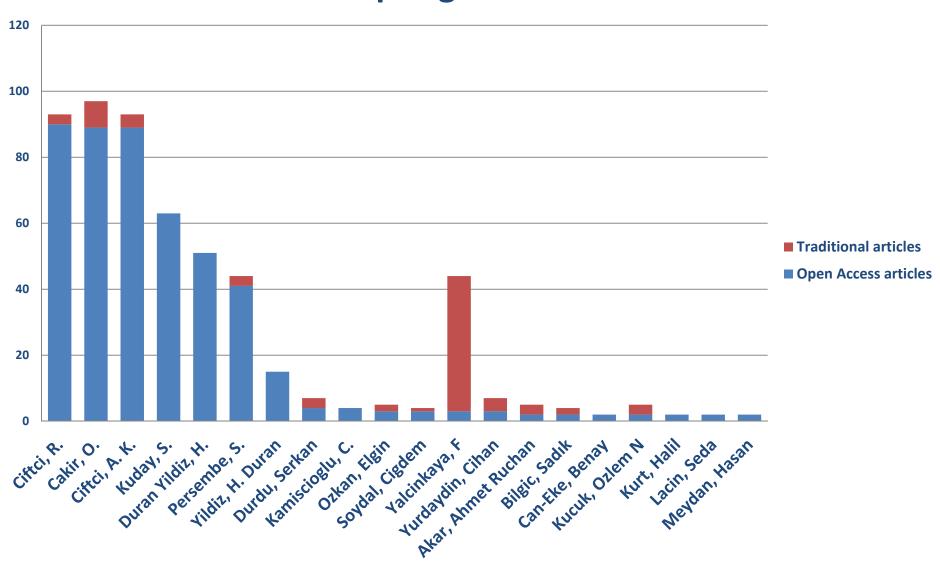




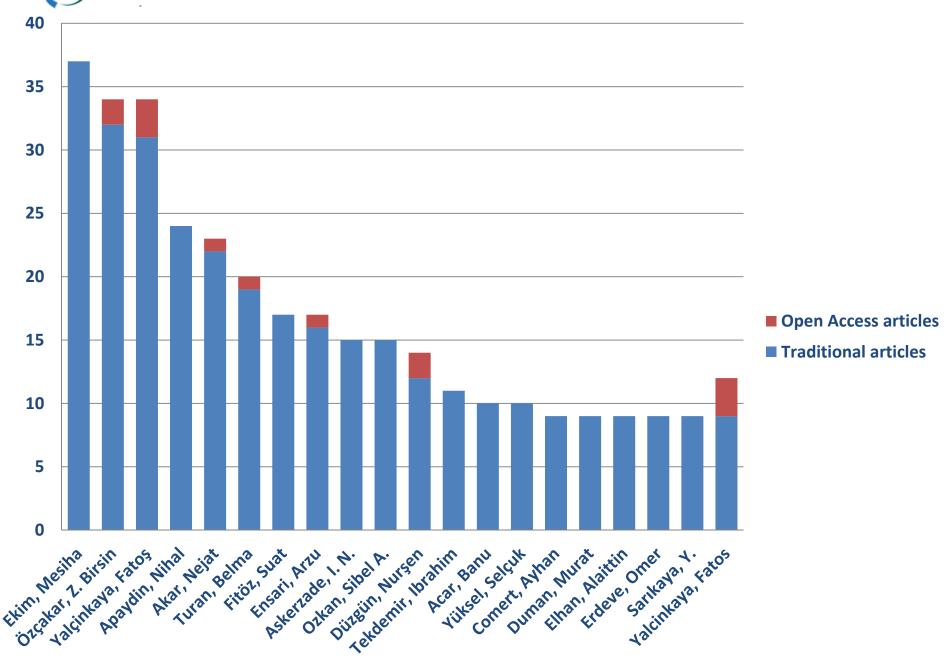




Top 20 authors for Open Access articles at Springer



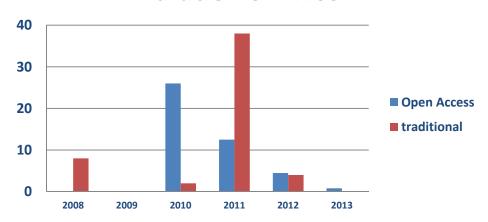
() Top 20 authors for traditional articles at Springer inger



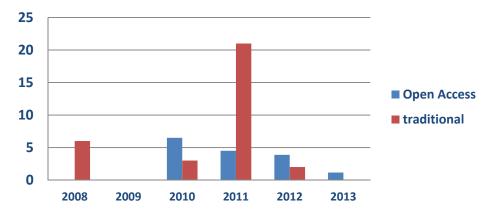




Cakir, O.: Average citations per article from WoS



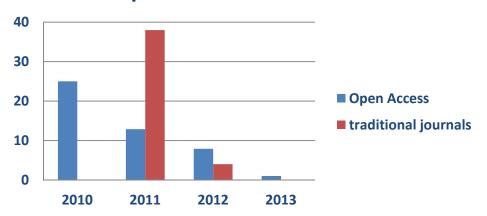
Cakir, O.: Average citations per article from Scopus



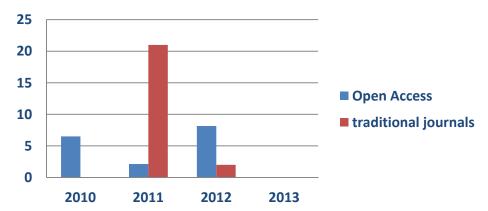




Perşembe, S.: Average citations per article from WoS



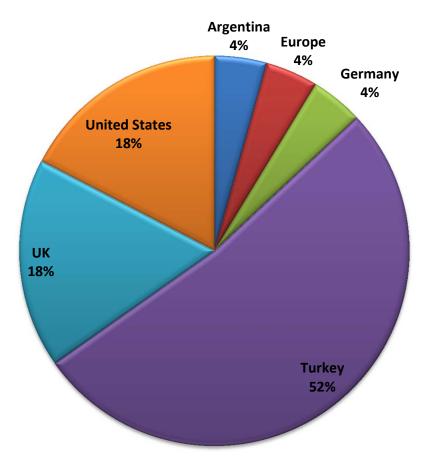
Perşembe, S.: Average citations per article from Scopus







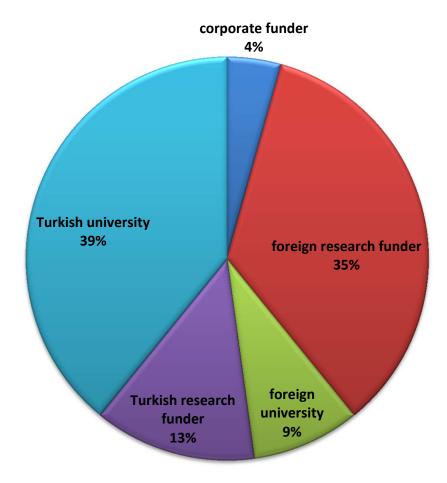
Origin of funding by country – BMC articles







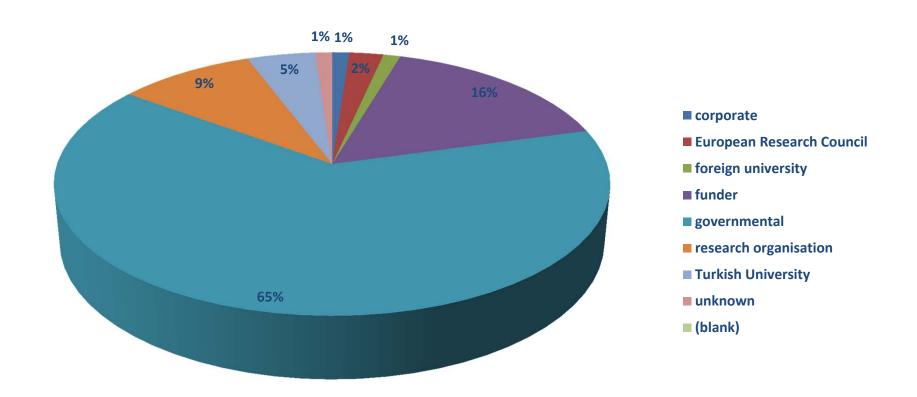
Origin of funding by organisation type – BMC articles







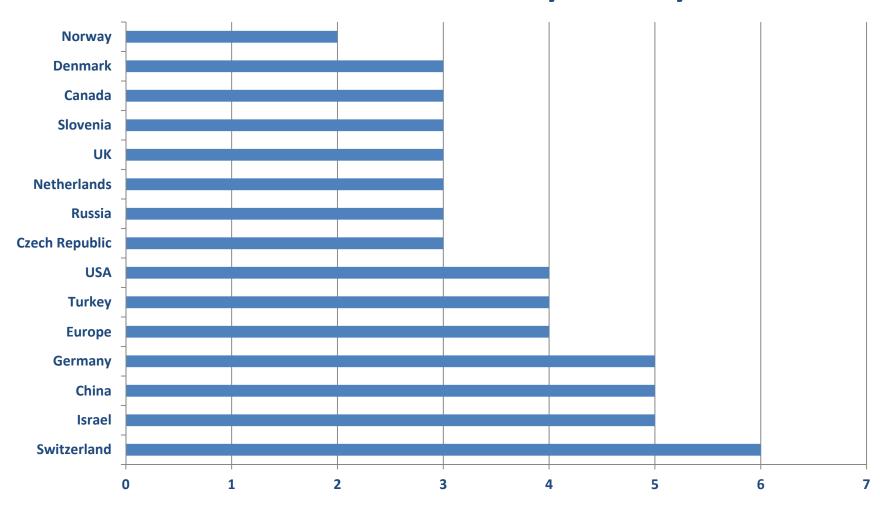
Funders of all Open Access content at Ankara U. in 2013 by organisation type







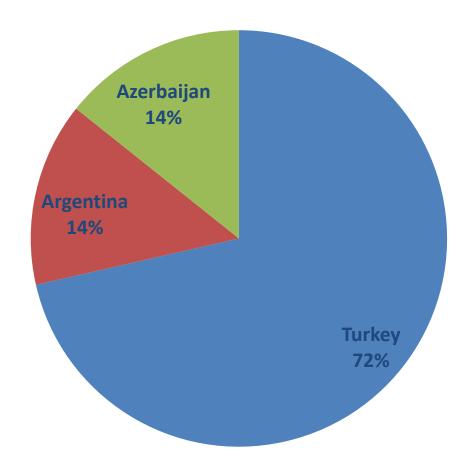
Top 15 funders of non Open Access content at Ankara U. in 2013 by country







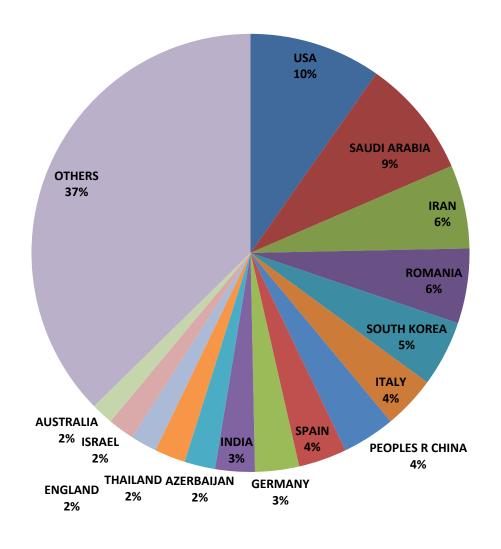
Contribution to Turkish Open Access projects at Ankara University in 2013







Foreign contribution to all Turkish Open Access projects in 2013 (Web of Science)







Data analyses for Ankara University (based on internal data)

- BMC submissions growing rapidly acceptance rate still relatively low
- For BMC, the most active subject areas are Medicine and Mathematics
- Citation advantage for BMC articles strongest after 1 year
- Springer: strongest area for OA is Physics and for traditional publishing it is Medicine
- OA in Turkey only starting to grow considerably since 2011

 developments for 2014?
- Certain authors publish both OA as well as traditional articles, but most only in one or the other
- Comparison of citations difficult as based on low number of articles for a few authors who publish under both models but: citations for OA articles can be as high or higher than publications under the traditional model





Analyses continued... (based on WoS + Scopus)

- Funding for OA articles at Ankara U. at BMC originated mostly from the UK and US (besides Turkey) and from foreign research funders where organisation type was concerned
- All OA content at Ankara U.: funded by government agencies and research funders; and by Germany and Israel (after Turkey)
- Non OA content was mostly funded by Switzerland and Israel as well as China
- All over Turkey, the US and Saudi Arabia were the most common countries researchers tended to collaborate with
- Azerbaijan and Argentina have strong ties with researchers from Ankara University





Summary

- Open access publishing is growing fast, also in Turkey and gaining more and more importance due to its benefits for the researchers, funding agencies, institutions and the general public
- Increasing quality and recognition of open access journals are encouraging this development
- BioMed Central and SpringerOpen work closely with authors and organisations to encourage open access and to make sure we provide the service and quality they are looking for in publishing
- However, Polish researchers still find it difficult to obtain funding for fully open access journals
- Although OA is growing in Turkey and at Ankara University, more can be done to encourage it and make the most of its benefits





Thank you! Any questions?

